

Mr. Eimon UEDA

Head – Outreach Unit for Financial Sector Reform
OECD

Mr. Eimon UEDA joined the OECD in 2004 as Head of the Outreach Unit for Financial Sector Reform. He is in charge of designing and implementing programmes with non-OECD economies in financial policy fields ranging from financial market development to corporate governance.

Before joining the OECD, he held a number of senior posts in the Government of Japan including Deputy-Director in charge of securities market reform (1995-96), Director in charge of technical assistance to developing countries (1996-98), Director in charge of international taxation policy (1999-2001) (Ministry of Finance), Director of the Research and Training Centre (2001-2002) (Financial Services Agency) and Director in charge of government employees' salary and retirement allowances policy (2002-2004) (Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications). He also served as financial attaché at the Embassy of Japan in India (1989-92).

He studied law at University of Tokyo. From 1996-98 he was a visiting professor at the Graduate School of Policy Science, Saitama University, teaching fiscal and monetary policy to students from developing countries.

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The OECD plays a prominent role in fostering good governance in the public service and in corporate activity. It helps governments to ensure the responsiveness of key economic areas with sectoral monitoring. By deciphering emerging issues and identifying policies that work, it helps policy-makers adopt strategic orientations. It is well known for its individual country surveys and reviews.

The OECD produces internationally agreed instruments, decisions and recommendations to promote rules of the game in areas where multilateral agreement is necessary for individual countries to make progress in a globalised economy. Sharing the benefits of growth is also crucial as shown in activities such as emerging economies, sustainable development, territorial economy and aid.

Dialogue, consensus, peer review and pressure are at the very heart of OECD.